



ONE ASEAN
ONE RESPONSE

WEEKLY DISASTER UPDATE

Week 24
10 – 16 Jun 2019

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SOURCES

ASEAN Disaster Monitoring & Response System (DMRS); ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre (ASMC); Pacific Disaster Center (PDC Global); United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)

Indonesia: BNPB, BMKG, PVMBG; Philippines: DSWD

Various news agencies

DISCLAIMER

The AHA Centre was established in November 2011 by the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Member States to facilitate cooperation and coordination among Member States, relevant agencies of the United Nations and international organisations in disaster management and emergency response.

This update consists of significant natural disaster events that occurred in ASEAN Member States – Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Viet Nam. The disasters recorded include Drought, Flood, Earthquake, Tsunami, Volcano, Wind, Landslide, and Storm.

The use of boundaries, geographic names, related information, and potential considerations for response are for reference only, not warranted to be error-free or implying official endorsement from ASEAN Member States.

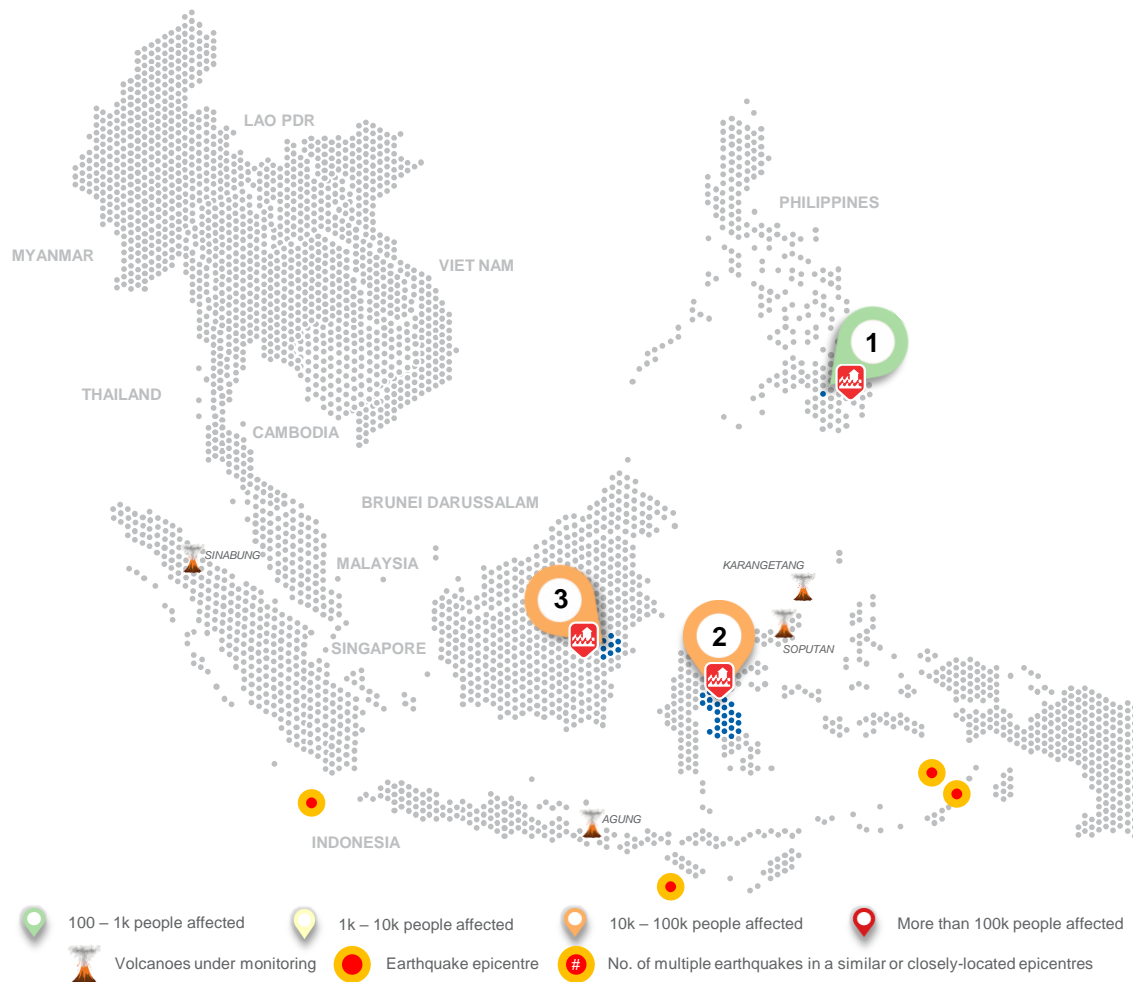
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REGIONAL TALLY



* Estimations are based on data reported/confirmed by National Disaster Management Organisations of each respective ASEAN Member State and other verified sources

01 Philippines:
Flooding in Midsayap, North Cotabato
11 Jun 2019 | More details at: <http://adinet.ahacentre.org/reports/view/1438>

02 Indonesia:
Flooding in Sulawesi
12 Jun 2019 | More details at: <http://adinet.ahacentre.org/reports/view/1436>

03 Indonesia:
Flooding and Landslide in East Kalimantan
13 Jun 2019 | More details at: <http://adinet.ahacentre.org/reports/view/1437>

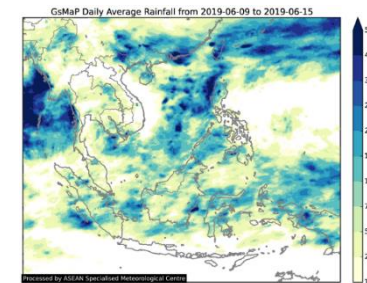
REGIONAL SUMMARY:

Flooding incidents were reported in Indonesia ([BNPB](#)) and the Philippines ([DSWD](#)) due to continuous moderate to heavy rainfall; specifically in the areas of Sulawesi (South, Southeast, and Central Sulawesi provinces) and East Kalimantan in Indonesia, and North Cotabato in the Philippines. Moreover, subsequent rain-induced landslides were also reported in East Kalimantan. These flooding events in the region were heavily influenced by the Southwest Monsoon; in addition, local meteorological and environmental conditions were also in effect.

HIGHLIGHT:

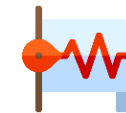
The flooding and rain-induced landslide in East Kalimantan, Indonesia affected more than 50,000 persons, with flood heights ranging from 25 to 125 centimetres. According to Indonesia's National Disaster Management Organisation ([BNPB](#)), the flooding and subsequent rain-induced landslide were caused by a combination of a lot of local factors, including but not limited to (1) overflowing of the Bengkuring River, (2) poor drainage, and (3) location of residential areas in landslide-prone hillsides. Relevant Government agencies are working together in responding to the situation.

HYDRO-METEO-CLIMATOLOGICAL:



Rainy conditions prevailed over the region, with the exemption of Indonesian island chains from Java to Timor which remained dry throughout the week. Further, hotspot activities were generally subdued.

GEOPHYSICAL:



Four (4) earthquakes of magnitude 5.0 and above were recorded in Indonesia ([BMKG](#)). No significant damages resulted from these seismic hazards.



Four (4) volcanoes are still under close monitoring due to heightened alert status - Agung, Karangetang, Sinabung, and Soputan; all are in Indonesia ([PVMBG](#)) and all are on Alert Level 3 on a maximum of 4.

OUTLOOK:



[ASMC](#) forecasts wet weather to persist over many parts of the ASEAN. Southwest Monsoon is now more consistent throughout the region, with varying degree of local impacts to each Member State.