



ONE ASEAN  
ONE RESPONSE

# WEEKLY DISASTER UPDATE

Week 9  
24 Feb – 01 Mar 2020

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#### SOURCES

ASEAN Disaster Monitoring & Response System (DMRS);  
ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre (ASMC), Pacific  
Disaster Center (PDC Global)

Indonesia: BNPB, BMKG, PVMBG; Philippines: PHIVOLCS

Various news agencies

#### DISCLAIMER

The AHA Centre was established in November 2011 by the  
Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Member  
States to facilitate cooperation and coordination among  
Member States, relevant agencies of the United Nations  
and international organisations in disaster management and  
emergency response.

This update consists of significant natural disaster events  
that occurred in ASEAN Member States – Brunei  
Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia,  
Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Viet Nam.  
The disasters recorded include Drought, Flood, Earthquake,  
Tsunami, Volcano, Wind, Landslide, and Storm.

The use of boundaries, geographic names, related  
information, and potential considerations for response are  
for reference only, not warranted to be error-free or implying  
official endorsement from ASEAN Member States.

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SCAN TO SUBSCRIBE



- 100 – 1k people affected
- 1k – 10k people affected
- 10k – 100k people affected
- More than 100k people affected
- Volcanoes under monitoring
- Earthquake epicentre
- No. of multiple earthquakes in a similar or closely-located epicentres

## REGIONAL TALLY



Note: Estimations are based on data reported/confirmed by National Disaster Management Organisations of each respective ASEAN Member State and other verified sources

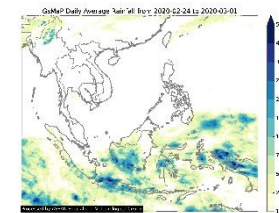
## REGIONAL SUMMARY:

As the Northeast Monsoon is continuously being felt in the region, isolated rain showers in the Indonesian islands of Java, Kalimantan, Lombok, and Sulawesi resulted to flooding and rain-induced landslide in multiple areas. Meanwhile, dry weather persisted in the Mekong sub-region.

## HIGHLIGHT:

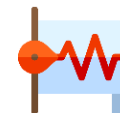
The National Disaster Management Organisation of Indonesia, Badan Nasional Penanggulangan Bencana ([BNPB](#)), reported flooding in the Greater Jakarta area (Jakarta, Bogor, Depok, Tangerang, Bekasi) and Karawang Regency. The worst impacted area is East Jakarta, which contributed to 60% of internal displacement. Karawang Regency is identified to be the second-most impacted area, with about 28% of the total number of internally displaced people. While flood in most affected areas receded shortly, continuous isolated rain showers in Indonesia still pose considerable threat to the recurrence of flooding.

## HYDRO-METEO-CLIMATOLOGICAL:



The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre ([ASMC](#)) reported that dry weather persisted in the Mekong sub-region, with scattered hotspots and widespread hazy conditions detected over many parts in the sub-region. Meanwhile, the Centre reported that in the southern ASEAN region, there were isolated showers over parts of Kalimantan, Sulawesi, and Java.

## GEOPHYSICAL:



There were only five (5) earthquakes with magnitude 5.0 and above that occurred in Indonesia ([BMKG](#)) and the Philippines ([PHIVOLCS](#)). None of these earthquakes resulted to significant impact and damages.

## OUTLOOK:



The ASEAN Specialised Meteorological Centre ([ASMC](#)) forecasts that while dry weather can be expected to prevail over the Mekong sub-region, there may be isolated showers over the northern parts of Lao PDR, Thailand and Viet Nam in the next few days. Meanwhile, in the southern ASEAN region, scattered showers are forecast, but dry conditions can be expected to persist in Peninsular Malaysia. Further, some models predict a weak Madden-Julian Oscillation (MJO) emerging over the Maritime Continent in the first week of March. This development may contribute to wetter conditions in the southern Maritime Continent predicted by models.