



### KEY FIGURES

Disclosure(s): Estimations are based on data reported/confirmed by National Disaster Management Organisations of the respective ASEAN Member State (Badan Nasional Penanggulangan Bencana (BNPB) and other verified sources



**186.6K**  
AFFECTED PERSONS



**37.3K**  
AFFECTED HOUSEHOLDS



**391**  
DISPLACED

### Thailand

- According to the report from Thailand's Department of Disaster Prevention and Mitigation ([DDPM](#)), the influence of the northeast monsoon that prevailed over the Gulf of Thailand together with a low pressure cell on the coast of Malaysia, caused heavy rain in the lower southern region resulting in flash floods, floods, landslides, and windstorms.
- From 4 January to present, **37,260 households (186,300 people)** from four provinces--**Songkhla (60 households)**, **Yala (12,082 households)**, **Narathiwat (22,308 households)**, and **Pattani (2,810 households)** have reportedly been affected by floods. No injuries and deaths have been recorded. **Seven (7) evacuation points** have been opened (3 in Narathiwat, 2 in Yala, and 2 in Songkhla) and **391 people have been evacuated**.
- As of the last disaster situation update (10 January), there is still flooding in the four provinces. The flood water levels in Narathiwat and Pattani have **increased**, in Yala it remains **stable**, and in Songkhla it has **dropped**. Landslides have also affected around 57 households (285 people) from Yala and Narathiwat but did not result in any injuries or deaths.
- The Deputy Minister of Interior, Mr. Niphon Bunyamane, went to the affected areas to assess the flood situation and assured that the ministry is ready to support and provide survival bags for the relief of the flood victims. The police security centre of Songkhla and other related agencies have provided boats, life jackets, water pumps, and survival bags for the victims.
- The Central Disaster Prevention and Mitigation Division is continuously monitoring weather conditions and risk conditions together with the Thai Meteorological Department ([TMD](#)).
- [DDPM](#) advises the public to monitor and watch the situation. The [DDPM](#) also assures the public that critical situations personnel and the respective Provincial Disaster Prevention and Mitigation Offices are ready to perform their duties.
- The AHA Centre will continue to monitor for further developments and provide additional updates as they become available from official sources.

#### DATA SOURCES

ASEAN Disaster Monitoring & Response System (DMRS); Pacific Disaster Center (PDC Global); Joint Typhoon Warning Center (JTWC)

Thailand: DDPM

Verified news media agencies

#### DISCLAIMER

The AHA Centre was established in November 2011 by the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Member States to facilitate cooperation and coordination among the Member States, relevant agencies of the United Nations, and international organisations in disaster management and humanitarian assistance.

The use of boundaries, geographic names, related information and potential considerations for response are for reference, not warranted to be error free or implying official endorsement from ASEAN Member States.

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Our mailing address is: AHA Centre, GRAHA BNPB 13<sup>th</sup> Floor, Jl. Raya Pramuka Kav. 38, Jakarta 13120 Indonesia